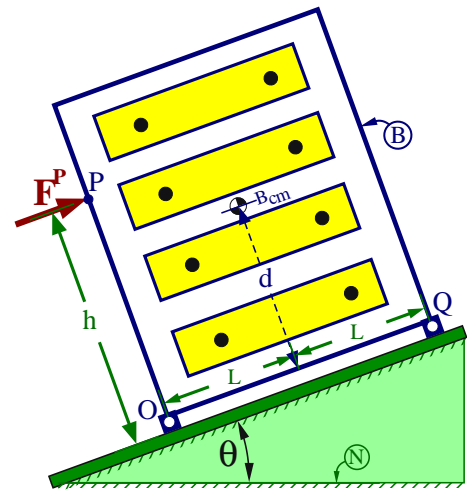


16.8 FE/EIT Review – Static bureau on rough inclined plane (2D analysis, static friction).

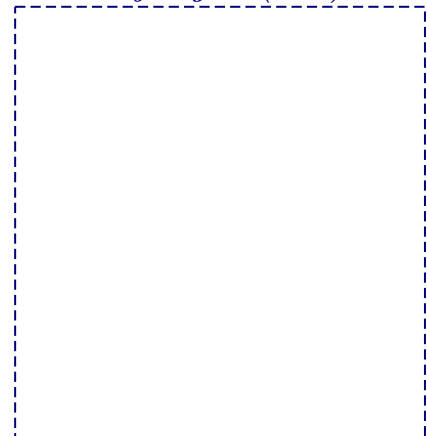
A rigid uniform-density bureau B is in contact with an inclined plane at points O and Q of B . A person applies a force of magnitude F^P at point P of B (the force is directed up the inclined plane).

Description	Symbol	Value
Angle between inclined plane and local horizontal	θ	30°
Mass of bureau	m	10 kg
Earth's gravitational acceleration	g	10 m/s ²
Half-width of bureau	L	0.2 m
Distance between points O and P	h	0.5 m
Distance between B_{cm} and line \overline{OQ}	d	0.3 m
Coefficient of static friction between B and plane	μ_s	
Coefficient of kinetic friction between B and plane	μ_k	
Measure of force on B from person	F^P	TBD
Measure of normal force on O from inclined plane	F_y^O	TBD
Downhill measure of friction force on O	F_x^O	TBD
Measure of normal force on Q from inclined plane	F_y^Q	TBD
Downhill measure of friction force on Q	F_x^Q	TBD



- **Draw** a **free-body diagram (FBD)** of B . (assume friction prevents B from sliding **up** the inclined plane).
 - Form equations governing F^P , F_y^O , F_y^Q , F_x^O , F_x^Q when **static friction** holds B stationary. Put the equations into the matrix form below (introduce unit vectors to facilitate your work).
- Result:** (in terms of θ , m , g , L , h , d) – **use static equilibrium.**

Free-body diagram (FBD) of B



$$\begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

- Solve for F_{min}^P , the minimum value of F^P to **start** clockwise tipping of B (point O loses contact).
- Determine h_{tip} , the range of values of h where F_{min}^P makes the bureau start to tip (not slide).

Result:

$$F_{min}^P = \frac{}{} \quad h_{tip} > \frac{}{}$$

Solution at www.MotionGenesis.com ⇒ [Get Started](#) ⇒ Simple statics.